# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Alpine Diesel Fuel



# Section 1. Identification

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification	
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER	Technical Helpline Number: 1300 139 700 1800 638 556
	www.bp.com.au
Supplier	BP Australia Pty Ltd Level 17, 717 Bourke Street Docklands, Victoria 3008 ABN 53 004 085 616
Manufacturer	
mixture	For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.
Use of the substance/	Fuel.
Relevant identified uses of the	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Historic SDS no.	YSTS4
SDS no.	000002056
Product code	000002056
GHS product identifier	Alpine Diesel Fuel

Classification of the	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (bone marrow,
	liver and thymus) - Category 2
	ASPIRATIÓN HÁZARD - Category 1

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms



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Signal word	DANGER
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H227 - Combustible liquid.</li> <li>H332 - Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>(bone marrow, liver, thymus)</li> </ul>

### **Precautionary statements**

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## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Prevention	P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
Trevention	P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.
	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.
	P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.
Response	P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
	P304 + P340 + P312 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.
	P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P302 + P352 + P362-2 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
Storage	P405 - Store locked up. P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	This material may contain significant quantities of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, some of which have been shown by experimental studies to induce skin cancer. Note: High Pressure Applications
	Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency.
	See 'Notes to physician' under First-Aid Measures, Section 4 of this Safety Data Sheet.

## Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture

Mixture

May also contain small quantities of proprietary performance additives.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Fuels, diesel	100	68334-30-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.	
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention.	

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# Section 4. First-aid measures

Skin contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Drench contaminated clothing with water before removing. This is necessary to avoid the risk of sparks from static electricity that could ignite contaminated clothing. Contaminated clothing is a fire hazard. Contaminated leather, particularly footwear, must be discarded. Get medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Get medical attention immediately.
Most important symptoms/eff	ects, acute and delayed
See Section 11 for more detaile	d information on health effects and symptoms.
Indication of immediate media	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects. Product can be aspirated on swallowing or following regurgitation of stomach contents, and can cause severe and potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis, which will require urgent treatment. Because of the risk of aspiration, induction of vomiting and gastric lavage should be avoided. Gastric lavage should be undertaken only after endotracheal intubation. Monitor for cardiac dysrhythmias.
	Note: High Pressure Applications Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours tissue becomes swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay. Thorough and extensive debridement of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimise tissue loss and prevent or limit permanent damage. Note that high pressure may force the product considerable distances along tissue planes.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	In case of fire, use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Combustible liquid. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Liquid will float and may reignite on surface of water.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Combustion products may include the following: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide	

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Section 6 Accidental release measures		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	Immediately contact emergency personnel. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Eliminate all ignition sources.	
For emergency responders	Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. In case of small spillages in closed waters (i.e. ports), contain product with floating barriers or other equipment. Collect spilled product by absorbing with specific floating absorbents. If possible, large spillages in open waters should be contained with floating barriers or other mechanical means. If this is not possible, control the spreading of the spillage, and collect the product by skimming or other suitable mechanical means. The use of dispersants should be advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities. Collect recovered product and other contaminated materials in suitable tanks or containers for recycle, recovery or safe disposal.	

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			
Small spill	Eliminate all ignition sources. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. The method and equipment used must be in conformance with appropriate regulations and industry practice on explosive atmospheres.		
Large spill	Eliminate all ignition sources. Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Dike spill area and do not allow product to reach sewage system and surface or ground water. Contain and collect spillage with non- combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. The method and equipment used must be in conformance with appropriate regulations and industry practice on explosive atmospheres. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling **Protective measures** Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not swallow. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Never siphon by mouth. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is Advice on general handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove occupational hygiene contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved Conditions for safe storage, area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellincluding any ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and incompatibilities drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Light hydrocarbon vapours can build up in the headspace of tanks. These can cause flammability/explosion hazards even at temperatures below the normal flash point (note: flash point must not be regarded as a reliable indicator of the potential flammability of vapour in tank headspaces). Tank headspaces should always be regarded as potentially flammable and care should be taken to avoid static electrical discharge and all ignition sources during filling, ullaging and sampling from storage tanks. Do not enter storage tanks. If entry to vessels is necessary, follow permit to work procedures. When the product is pumped (e.g. during filling, discharge or ullaging) and when sampling, there is a risk of static discharge. Ensure equipment used is properly earthed or bonded to the tank structure. Electrical equipment should not be used unless it is intrinsically safe (i.e. will not produce sparks). Explosive air/vapour mixtures may form at ambient temperature. If product comes into contact with hot surfaces, or leaks occur from pressurised fuel pipes, the vapour or mists generated will create a flammability or explosion hazard. Product contaminated rags, paper or material used to absorb spillages, represent a fire hazard, and should not be allowed to accumulate. Dispose of safely immediately after use. Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work.

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

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# Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Fuels, diesel	ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as total hydrocarbons) 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 1/2007 Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)	Safe Work Australia (Australia). TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.
	Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.
	Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Individual protection measures				
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms ar eating, smoking and using Appropriate techniques sh Wash contaminated cloth safety showers are close	g the lavatory and at the enould be used to remove ing before reusing. Ensu	end of the working potentially contam ire that eyewash s	period. ninated clothing.
Eye/face protection	Recommended: Avoid con face visor or chemical good		ng is likely to occu	ır wear a full
Skin protection				
Hand protection	Wear chemical resistant g	gloves. Recommended:	Nitrile gloves.	
	Do not re-use gloves. P mechanical risks (i.e. abra deteriorate over time due gloves on a regular basis. circumstances of use.	to physical and chemical	cture). Protective damage. Inspect	gloves will and replace
	Recommended: Recon	nmended: Nitrile gloves.		
Skin protection	<ul> <li>Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.</li> <li>Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.</li> <li>Wear suitable protective clothing.</li> <li>Footwear highly resistant to chemicals.</li> <li>When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing.</li> <li>For greatest effectiveness against static electricity, overalls, boots and gloves should all be anti-static.</li> <li>When there is a risk of ignition wear inherently fire resistant protective clothes and gloves.</li> <li>Work clothing / overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. Laundering of</li> </ul>		ralls should be n (e.g. when resistant aprons protective s, boots and re clothes and	
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# Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

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	contaminated work clothing should only be done by professional cleaners who have been told about the hazards of the contamination. Always keep contaminated work clothing away from uncontaminated work clothing and uncontaminated personal clothes. When the risk of skin exposure is high (from experience this could apply to the following tasks: cleaning work, maintenance and service, filling and transfer, taking samples and cleaning up spillages) then a chemical protective suit and boots will be required. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
	<b>Recommended:</b> Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing.	
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	Use with adequate ventilation. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If there is a requirement for the use of a respiratory protective device, but the use of breathing apparatus (independent of ambient atmosphere) is not required, then a suitable filtering device must be worn. The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/ vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.	
	<b>Recommended:</b> Avoid breathing of vapours, mists or spray. Select and use respirators in accordance with AS/NZS 1715/1716. When mists or vapours exceed the exposure standards then the use of the following is recommended: Approved respirator with organic vapour and particulate (dust/mist) filters. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure level.	
<u>Refer to standards:</u>	Respiratory protection:AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 Gloves:AS/NZS 2161.1 Eye protection:AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337	

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	Liquid.
Colour	Clear. Bright.
Odour	Oily.
Odour threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point	Not available.
Boiling point	180 to 380°C (356 to 716°F)
Flash point	Closed cup: >61.5°C (>142.7°F) [Pensky-Martens.]
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable. Based on - Physical state
Lower and upper explosive	Lower: 0.7%
(flammable) limits	Upper: 5%
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	800 to 850 kg/m³ (0.8 to 0.85 g/cm³)

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility	insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Kinematic: 1.5 to 4.5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (1.5 to 4.5 cSt) at 40°C

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible materials for additional information.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Avoid excessive heat.
Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Specie	s	Dose	Exposure
Fuels, diesel	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	mists Rat Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rat		4.1 mg/l >4300 mg/kg >4300 mg/kg 17900 mg/kg 7600 mg/kg	4 hours - - - -
Irritation/Corrosion					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposu	re Observation
Fuels, diesel	Skin - Irritation Skin - Irritation Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes. Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.		- - -	- - -	- - -
Skin	Causes skin irritation.				
Mutagenicity					
Product/ingredient name	Test E	Experiment		R	esult
Fuels, diesel		Experiment: In Subject: Non-m			Positive
	476	Experiment: In			legative
	not guideline	Subject: Mamn Cell: Germ Experiment: In Subject: Unspe Cell: Somatic	vivo		legative
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species		Dose	Exposure
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Fuels, diesel	Positive - D Unspecified		Mouse	-		2 ує	ears
Conclusion/Summary	Suspecte	ed of causing	g cancer.				
Reproductive toxicity							
Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	D	ose	Exposure
Fuels, diesel	- - -	- -	Negative Negative Negative	Rat Rat Rat	D	ermal ermal ermal	20 days 10 days 10 days
Specific target organ toxici	ity (repeated	<u>exposure)</u>					
Name			Category	Route of exposure	)	Targe	t organs
Fuels, diesel			Category 2	Not deter	mined	bone r and th	marrow, liver ymus
Aspiration hazard							
Name				Result			
Fuels, diesel				ASPIRATION H	IAZARI	) - Cate	gory 1
nformation on the likely routes of exposure	Routes of	of entry antici	ipated: Oral, Derm	al, Inhalation.			
Potential acute health effects	s						
Eye contact		n significant	effects or critical h	nazards.			
Inhalation		if inhaled.					
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.						
Ingestion	•		roat and stomach. ted into lungs.	Aspiration haza	ird if sw	allowed	harmful o
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chem	ical and tox	icological charac	teristics			
Eye contact	Adverse pain or ir watering redness	ritation	nay include the foll	lowing:			
Inhalation	nausea o headach	or vomiting e ess/fatigue s/vertigo	nay include the foll	lowing:			
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness						
Ingestion		symptoms m or vomiting	nay include the foll	lowing:			
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also	<u>chronic effe</u>	ects from short a	nd long term ex	posure	2	
Eye contact			may cause eye in redness and water		e to va	pour, mi	st or fume
Inhalation	Vapour,	may cause stinging, redness and watering of the eyes. Vapour, mists or fumes may contain polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons some of which are known to produce skin cancer. Vapour, mist or fume may irritate the nose, mouth and respiratory tract.					

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

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Skin contact	As with all such products containing potentially harmful levels of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, prolonged or repeated skin contact may eventually result in dermatitis or more serious irreversible skin disorders including cancer.
Ingestion	If swallowed, may irritate the mouth, throat and digestive system. If swallowed, may cause abdominal pain, stomach cramps, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, dizziness and drowsiness.
General	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Vapour, mists or fumes may contain polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons some of which are known to produce skin cancer.
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

### Route

Inhalation (dusts and mists)

ATE value

1.501 mg/l

Other information

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Vapour, mists or fumes may contain polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons some of which are known to produce skin cancer.

Diesel exhaust particulates have been classified by the National Toxicological Program (NTP) to be a reasonably anticipated human carcinogen. Exposure should be minimized to reduce potential risk.

(Australia)

(ENGLISH)

### Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species		Exposure
Fuels, diesel	EL50 >1000 mg/l Nominal Fresh water NOELR 3.217 mg/l Nominal Fresh water	Micro-organ Micro-organ		40 hours 40 hours
	Acute EL50 22 mg/l Nominal Fresh water	Algae		72 hours
	Acute EL50 210 mg/l Nominal Fresh water	Daphnia		48 hours
	Acute EL50 68 mg/l Nominal Fresh water	Daphnia		48 hours
	Acute ErL50 78 mg/l Nominal Fresh water	Algae		72 hours
	Acute LL50 65 mg/l Nominal Fresh water	Fish		96 hours
	Acute LL50 21 mg/l Nominal Fresh water	Fish		96 hours
	Acute NOELR 10 mg/l Nominal Fresh water	Algae		72 hours
	Acute NOELR 1 mg/l Nominal Fresh water	Algae		72 hours
	Acute NOELR 46 mg/l Nominal Fresh water	Daphnia		48 hours
	Chronic NOEL 0.083 mg/l Nominal	Fish		14 days
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## Section 12. Ecological information

Fresh water Chronic NOELR 0.2 mg/l Nominal Daphnia 21 days Fresh water

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Fuels, diesel	OECD 301 F OECD 301 F	60 % - Readily - 28 days 57.5 % - Not readily - 28 days	30 mg/l 25 mg/l	-
	Equivalent to EPA OTS 796. 3100	35 % - Not readily - 28 days	5 mg/l	-

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	Not available.
Mobility	Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination. This material may accumulate in sediments.
Other ecological information	Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration	Empty packages may contain some remaining product. Hazard warning labels are a guide to the safe handling of empty packaging and should not be removed.

## Section 14. Transport information

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Section 14. Transport information				
	ADG	IMDG	IATA	
UN number	Not regulated.	UN1202	UN1202	
UN proper shipping name	-	DIESEL FUEL	DIESEL FUEL	
Transport hazard class(es)	-	3	3	
Packing group	-		Ш	
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	
Additional information	Remarks Combustible liquid Class C1 (AS 1940).	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> ( <u>EmS)</u> F-E, S-E	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	

Special precautions for user Not available.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea. Category: gas oils, including ship's bunkers

### Section 15. Regulatory information

 Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

 Not regulated.

 Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

 No listed substance

Proper shipping name

#### **International lists**

National inventory	
REACH Status	For the REACH status of this product please consult your company contact, as identified in Section 1.
Australia inventory (AICS)	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC)	Not determined.
Japan inventory (ENCS)	Not determined.
Korea inventory (KECI)	Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	Not determined.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN)	Not determined.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	05/02/2016
Date of issue/Date of revision	05/02/2016
Date of previous issue	No previous validation
Version	1
	Product Stewardship
Key to abbreviations	ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission STEL = Short term exposure limit SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations TWA = Time weighted average VOC = Volatile Organic Compound SADT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature Varies = may contain one or more of the following 101316-69-2, 101316-70-5, 101316-71-6, 101316-72-7, 64741-88-4, 64741-89-5, 64741-95-3, 64741-96-4, 64741-97-5, 64742-01-4, 64742-44-5, 64742-45-6, 64742-52-5, 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-57-0, 64742-58-1, 64742-62-7, 64742-63-8, 64742-64-9, 64742-65-0, 64742-70-7, 72623-85-9, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 74869-22-0, 90669-74-2

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 4, H227	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Expert judgment
STOT RE 2, H373 (bone marrow, liver and thymus)	Expert judgment
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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Product name	Alpine Diesel Fuel	Product code	000002056	Page: 13/13
Version 1	Date of issue 05/02/2016	Format Australia	Language	ENGLISH
		(Australia)		(ENGLISH)