

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET Methanol

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: Other Names: Product Codes/Trade Names: Recommended Use:

Methanol

METHYL ALCOHOL; CARBINOL; METHANOL;

Manufacture of formaldehyde, acetic acid and dimethyl terephthatlate, chemical synthesis (methyl amines, methyl chloride, methyl methacrylate), antifreeze; solvent for nitrocellulose, ethylcellulose, polyvinyl butyral, shellac, rosin, manila resin, dyes; nenaturant for ethanol; dehydrator for natural gas; fuel for utility plants (methyl fuel); feedstock for manufacture of synthetic proteins by continuous fermentation; source of hydrogen for fuel cells; home- heating-oil extender.

Applicable In: Supplier:

Address: Telephone: Email Address: Facsimile: Emergency Phone Number: Poisons Information Centre: Australia ACB Group (ABN 79 724 186 134) Powerplus Fuel 118 Swann Drive, Derrimut Victoria-3030 +61 3 93690220 info@acbgroup.com.au +61 3 93690883 000 Fire Brigade and Police (available in Australia only). 13 11 26 (available in Australia only).

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) is issued by the Supplier in accordance with National standards and guidelines from the Australian Safety and Compensation Council (ASCC, formerly National Occupational Health and Safety Commission - NOHSC). The information in it must not be altered, deleted or added to. The Supplier will not accept any responsibility for any changes made to its MSDS by any other person or organization. The Supplier will issue a new MSDS when there is a change in product specifications and/or ASCC standards, codes, guidelines, or Regulations.

SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE: Classified as **Hazardous** according to the criteria of the Australian Safety and Compensation Council ASCC (formerly NOHSC) Approved Criteria For Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC:1008] 3rd Edition.

Methanol is classified as **Dangerous** Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids (Category 2) Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3) Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3) Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3) Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 1)

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements Pictogram



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement(s) H225 H301 H311 H331 H370	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs.
Precautionary statement(s)	
Prevention P210 P233 P260 Response P301 + P310	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No. smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. IF SW ALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
P303 + P361 + P353 Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304 + P340 comfortable for breathing. P307 + P311 P361 P370 + P378 extinction.	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for
Storage P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

2.3 Other

hazards

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT)., This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances Synonyms	: M	ethyl alcohol	
Formula Weight CAS-No. EC-No.	: 32 : 67	H ₄ O Molecular 2.04 g/mol 7-56-1 00-659-6	
Chemical Name:	Synonyms	Concentration:	Classification

Methanol	 100%	Flam. Liq. 2; Acute Tox. 3; STOT SE 1; H225, H301, H311, H331, H370

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre.

General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Swallowed:	Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.
Eyes:	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.
Skin:	Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.
Inhaled:	If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.
First Aid Facilities: Advice to Doctor:	First aid kits, safety showers, eye wash stations Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed no data available

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Advice for Fire Fighters	Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.
Suitable extinguishing media:	Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Hazards from combustion products: HAZCHEM Code:	Carbon oxides •2WE

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Procedure: Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wetbrushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Storage: Store in cool place. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
- Handling: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. For precautions see section 2.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

	Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control	Basis
				parameters	
	Methanol	67-56-1	STEL	250 ppm 328 mg/m3	Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards
		Remarks		sorption is the docume	entation source
			TWA	200 ppm 262 mg/m3	Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards
				osorption	
Notos					entation source
Notes:					ants should be kept to as es to below the National
		Standards a	re guides	to be used in	the control of occupational
	These Exposure				ne dividing lines between safe e not a measure of relative
	toxicity.				
	TWA (Time Weighted Average): the time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week over an				
	entire working life.				
	According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.				
	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit): the average airborne concentration over a				
	•	I that should	not be ex	ceeded at any	time during a normal eight-
Biological Limit Values: ENGINEERING CONTROLS	hour work day. N/A				
□ Ventilation:	is recommended areas. Vapours a source and flash	l. Flammable, are heavier th back. Do NC ain vapour lev	/explosiv nan air ar OT enter vels belov	e vapours may ad may travel s confined space w the recomme	n proof extraction ventilation accumulate poorly ventilated some distance to an ignition es where vapour may have ended exposure standard.
Special Consideration for Repair &/or Maintenance of Contaminated Equipment:	pressure cut, we flame, sparks, st Vapour is heavie enter confined sp	ld, braze, sol atic electricity er than air – p baces where	der, drill, /, or othe revent co	grind or expose r sources of ig soncentration in	r) and are dangerous. Do not se such containers to heat, nition. hollows or sumps. Do not cted. Keep containers closed
PERSONAL PROTECTION	when not in use.				
Personal Protection	gases and vapou	urs. At high v	apour lev	els, wear an A	itable Type 'A' filter for organ .ir-line respirator splashing in the eyes

(AS2161). CLOTHING: Chemical-resistant coveralls, PVC splash apron and safety footwear (AS3765/2210).

Mobile clear colourless liquid

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

Odour: Non-Residual pH, at stated concentration: N/A Vapour pressure: 12.8 kPa (25'C) mm Hg (1 atmosphere Vapour Density: 1.11 Boiling Point/range (°C): Typically 64.4-64.8 deg C Freezing/Melting Point (°C): -97.7 deg C Specific Gravity (H₂O = 1): 0.793-0.796 (15°C) FLAMMABLE MATERIALS □ Flash Point: 11°C □ Flash Point Method: Closed cup □ Flammable (Explosive) Limit - Upper: 36.5% □ Flammable (Explosive) Limit – Lower: 6% □ Auto ignition Temperature: 470°C **ADDITIONAL PROPERTIES** Residue on Evaporation 1 ppm m/m □ Volatile Organic Compounds Content (VOC) (as specified by the Green Building Council of Australia) 100%

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions no data available

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

Acid chlorides, Acid anhydrides, Oxidizing agents, Alkali metals, Reducing agents, Acids

Hazardous decomposition products Other decomposition products - no data available In the event of fire: see section 5

Reactivity no data available

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health effects information is based on reported effects in use from overseas and Australian reports. **Toxicological Data:**

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LDLO Oral - Human - 143 mg/kg Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Dyspnea. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

LD50 Oral - rat - 1,187 - 2,769 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - rat - 4 h - 128.2 mg/l

LC50 Inhalation - rat - 6 h - 87.6 mg/l

LD50 Dermal - rabbit - 17,100 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Skin - rabbit Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - rabbit Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Maximisation Test - guinea pig Does not cause skin sensitisation. (OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Ames test S. typhimurium Result: negative

in vitro assay fibroblast Result: negative Mutation in mammalian somatic cells.

Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis) mouse - male and female Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive toxicity

Damage to foetus not classifiable

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Causes damage to organs.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification

Additional Information

RTECS: PC1400000

Methyl alcohol may be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. Effects due to ingestion may include:, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, metabolic acidosis, Coma, Seizures. Symptoms may be delayed., Damage of the:, Liver, Kidney

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

NOEC - Oryzias latipes - 7,900 mg/l - 200 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 10,000.00 mg/l - 48 h

Toxicity to algae Growth inhibition EC50 - Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae) -22,000.0 mg/l - 96 h

mortality LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) - 15,400.0 mg/l - 96 h

Persistence and degradability

aerobic - Exposure time 5 d Result: 72 % - rapidly biodegradable

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)

Biodegradability

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

Theoretical oxygen demand

600 - 1,120 mg/g

1,420 mg/g

1,500 mg/g

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 72 d at 20 °C - 5 mg/l

Mobility in soil

Will not adsorb on soil.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.0

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT)., This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information

Avoid release to the environment.

Stability in water

at 19 °C83 - 91 % - 72 h Remarks: Hydrolyses on contact with water. Hydrolyses readily.

SECTION 13: DIPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number ADR/RID: 1230	IMDG: 1230	IATA-DGR: 1230
UN proper shipping name ADR/RID: METHANOL IMDG: METHANOL IATA-DGR: Methanol		
Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID: 3 (6.1)	IMDG: 3 (6.1)	IATA-DGR: 3 (6.1)
Packaging group ADR/RID: II	IMDG: II	IATA-DGR: II
Environmental hazards ADR/RID: no	IMDG Marine pollutant: no	IATA-DGR: no
Special precautions for user no data available		

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poisons Schedule:	6
EPG	16
AICS Name	Methanol
NZ Toxic substance	3
HSNO Hazard Classification	3.1B 6.1D
	6.4A 6.8B
	6.9A 9.3C
ERMA Approval code	HSR001186

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

For further information on this product, please contact: ACB Group (ABN 79 724 186 134) 118 Swann Drive, Derrimut Victoria-3030, Australia. Phone: +61 3 93690220

Fax: +61 3 93690883

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Australian Standards References:

AS 1020 AS 1076	The Control of undesirable static electricity. Code of Practice for selection, installation and maintenance of electrical apparatus and associated equipment for use in explosive atmospheres (other than mining applications) – Parts 1 to 13.
AS/NZS 1336	Recommended Practices for Occupational Eye Protection
AS/NZS 1715	Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices
AS/NZS 1716	Respiratory Protective Devices
AS 1940	The Storage and Handling of Flammable and Combustible Liquids.
AS 2161	Industrial Safety Gloves and Mittens (excluding electrical and medical gloves)
AS 2380	Electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres – Explosion Protection Techniques (Parts 1
	to 9).
AS 3000	Electrical installations (known as the Australian/New Zealand Wiring Rules).

Other References:

NOHSC:2011(2003)	National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets 2nd Edition, April 2003, National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.
NOHSC; 2012	National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Substances, March 1994,
(1994)	Australian Government Publishing Service, Canberra.
NES	National Occupational Exposure Standards for workplace Atmospheric Contaminants
	(NES) Australian Safety and Compensation Council, ASCC (Formerly NOHSC) 1995 as amended.
ADG Code 6th Edition	Australian Dangerous Goods Code 6th Edition

AUTHORISATION

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END OF MSDS